Patterns in Nature 3 Regularity and Chaos

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Two types of waves

"Normal" waves

- Mechanism:
 restoring force
- Circular shapes
- Interaction
 - Superposition
 - Diffraction



Excitation waves

- Mechanism: excitation/latency
- Spiral shapes
- Interaction
 - Extinction



Chaos: The Sinai Billiard

- Demonstrates unpredictability of a simple deterministic system
- Developed by Yakov G. Sinai

The Sinai Billiard

- Start two (or more) billiard balls with almost exactly the same initial conditions
- with only straight walls, their trajectories would remain close together
- the curved wall amplifies small differences (in a "nonlinear" way), the trajectories diverge fast
- unpredictability: even small (unavoidable) uncertainties lead to large differences in the final state



The Belousov-Zhabotinsky reaction



Rabbits and foxes: The Lotka-Volterra model

Rabbits and foxes on an isolated island:

- Rabbits and grass lead to more rabbits
- Rabbits and foxes lead to more foxes (and fewer rabbits)
- Foxes lead to some dead foxes



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lotka-Volterra_equation

The logistic map

Developed by (Lord) Robert May (1976)

A simple population model of one species: (eg. rabbits on a small island)

- when population is low: population increases proportional to current population
- when population is large: starvation, population decreases

The logistic map



The logistic map (modelled with a spreadsheet)











Bifurcation diagram



Some terms in the theory of nonlinear dynamical systems

- Nonlinear dynamical system
- Attractor: The state that the system moves towards
- Strange Attractor: An attractor that is not a simple point/value
- Deterministic chaos: non-periodicity in a deterministic system (one that doesn't include random influences)

The weather

- Weather is described with complicated equations (much more complicated than the logistic map)
- As these equations are "nonlinear", we expect unpredicability (in the sense explained above)

=> Use ensemble predictions (i.e. run the forecast 50 times with small disturbances and see if the results differ) (following examples from http://www.hpc.ncep.noaa.gov/ensembletraining/)



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Spaghetti plot of 96 hour forecast

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Weather

- Some situations are more "chaotic" than others
- Projections of climate are easier, because climate variables are averages Analogy: when throwing dice, you can't predict the next number, but you can predict that among the next 600 numbers there will be approximately 100 number 6

Patterns in Nature Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Waves and oscillations
- 3. Regularity and chaos
- 4. Animal cooperation
- 5. Spatial patterns
- 6. Aggregation and growth processes
- 7. Cellular automata
- 8. Fractals
- 9. Miscellaneous topics
 10. Concluding session

